

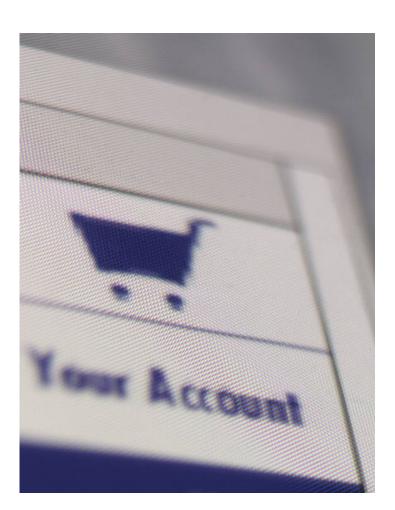
Lecture 5

Economic Basics I: Electronic Business vs. Mobile Business

Mobile Business I (WS 2023/24)

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Economic Basics: Electronic Business vs. Mobile Business

- Phenomenon "Mobility"
- Mobile Lifestyle and Social Phenomena
- Specifics of the Mobile Economy
- Infrastructure Environment
- Mobile Business

Overview



What is mobility?

Lat. *mobilitas*:

- (1) Flexibility, velocity, motion;and as "mobilitas animi": (mental) fitness
- (2) But also (and quite ambivalent to (1)) changeability, inconstancy, unstableness

Mobility



[SkuStowPets1998]





Social implications

Mobility not just "humans' independence from geographical constraints"

- Spatial Mobility
- Temporal Mobility
- Contextual Mobility

[KakihaSorens2001]

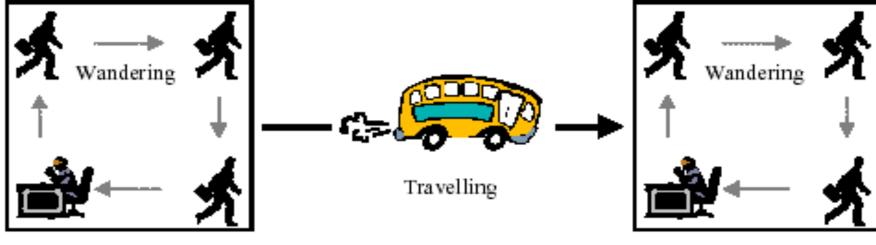
[KristoLjungb1998]

Visiting

Different degrees of mobility

Visiting









Mobility



- Visiting
 - Working at different places for a little longer time
 - Connectivity via network of the host or of a mobile operator
 - Example:
 German Parliament

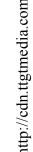


 Example: Accountant visiting a client



Mobility





mobile business

- Travelling
 - Working while travelling
 - Example: top management in a limousine
 - There are different technologies facilitating this in different travelling occasions (e.g. satellite connection for planes, GSM/UMTS for cars)



3 Month 1 Year

https://web.archive.org/web/20161201234847/http://www.dmrz.de:80/abrechnung_fuer_hebammen.html

www.computerwoche.de

- Wandering
 - Working while being mobile "at a place or site"
 - Example: Facility-Management in an office building

 Example: Midwifes manage administrative tasks and billing via web apps.











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Mobile Lifestyle and Social Phenomena

- "keitai"
- Mobile devices are becoming a "cult":

- The way people communicate
- The way mobile phones are integrated into normal life
- The importance of mobile communications



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Mobile Lifestyle and Social Phenomena

... but not only in Japan.







[Rheingold2002]

- Society Approach: Smart Mobs
 - "Smart mobs consist of people who are able to coordinate even if they don't know each other."
 - Examples:
 - 2001: People Power II, Manila versus President Estrada, coordination of the rebellion through SMS
 - 2010: Arab Spring, coordination of the rebellion through SMS and Social Networks



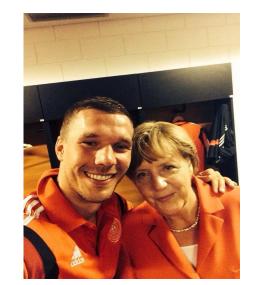




 People and groups expose themselves, e.g. via "selfies".











Example: Pokémon Go

Large gatherings of hundreds of players to hunt for Pokémons



Picture: [Ring2016]₁₄



Mobile Lifestyle and Social Phenomena

Phone + Snubbing = "Phubbing"







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Specifics of the Mobile Economy

What are the characteristics of the Mobile Economy?

	Electronic Economy	Mobile Economy
Automation / digitization		
Time flexibility		
Interactivity		
Individualization		
Location independence		
Personal sphere	0	
Continuous reachability		
Context sensitivity	0	



Specifics of the Electronic Economy

- Automation / digitization
 - Value proposition of Internet services is provided electronically (digital).
- Time flexibility
 - Internet services are accessible 24 hours per day.
- Interactivity
 - Users are integrated into the provision of Internet services.
- Individualization
 - Personalisation of Internet services according to individual user preferences



Specifics of the Mobile Economy

- Location independence
 - Provision of mobile services is independent of a user's current location
 - Examples

o Mobile E-Mail Services
o Mobile Information Services
o Mobile Sales Force Services
o ...



- Personal sphere
 - Mobile devices ("Mobiles") as personal accessories

o Mobile device is part of a user's personal sphere such as keys, data books, clothes, etc.

o Users carry mobile devices with them most of time.



Specifics of the Mobile Economy

- Continuous reachability
 - Location independent network access
 - Users are instantly addressable
 - Always-on-Functionality



Specifics of the Mobile Economy

- Context sensitivity (Detection and evaluation user's environment information)
 - Local context (user's current place / time)
 - Action context (user's current place / time combined with geo data)

• Time context

(user's current time combined with time relevant information)

Interests specific context

(local, action and time context combined with personal user preferences)





- Additional market-driven specifics
 - High penetration of mobile devices in society:
 - 8,06 billion mobile cellular subscriptions worldwide in 2021
 [ITU2022] (world population 2021: 7,91 billion people [UN2022])
 - 168.814.000 mobile subscriptions in Germany in 2Q2022 [Bundesnetzagentur2022]
 - "Everybody" is reachable via mobile phones.



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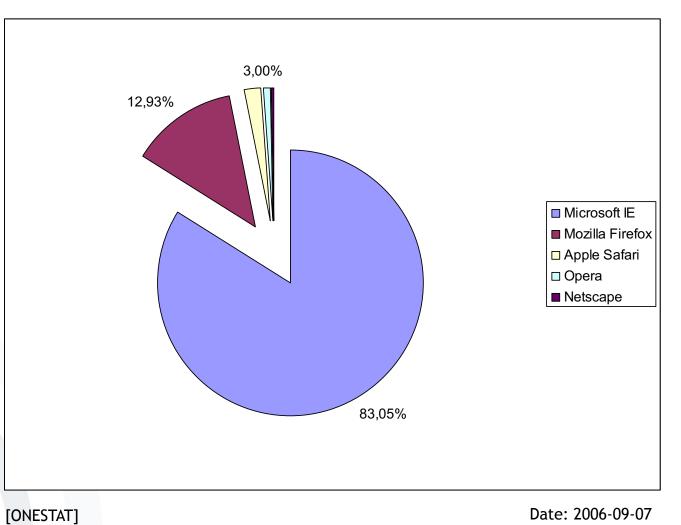
PC vs. Mobile Access

Technology	РС	Mobile
Device	Desktop, Laptop	Smartphones, Tablets, Pagers
Operating System	Windows, Linux, MacOS	Android, iOS, BlackBerry 10, Harmony OS (Huawei)
Presentation Standards	HTML5	HTML5, WML, HDML, i-Mode
Browser	Chrome, Microsoft Explorer, Firefox, Safari, Microsoft Edge	Chrome, Microsoft Explorer, Safari (iPhone), Nokia browser, UC browser, Opera Mini, other mobile browsers



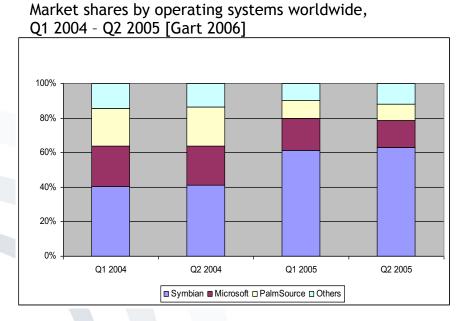
Infrastructure Environment 2006 (I)

eWorld: Few types of "access paths" to the homepage



Infrastructure Environment 2006 (II

- mWorld: many types of "access paths" (platforms) to the homepage
 - Market distribution of types of access paths difficult to assess due to lack of specific statistics
 - Some information can be derived from interpreting related statistics



(Gartner on www.heise.de) Nokia 17,20% 3.20% 33.60% Motorola 6,30% Samsung Sony ericsson 6.70% LG 11,10% 21,90% BenQ / Siemens Andere

Market share of sold telephones worldwide, 2/2006



Infrastructure Environment 2011 (I)

• eWorld: Few types of "access paths" to the homepage

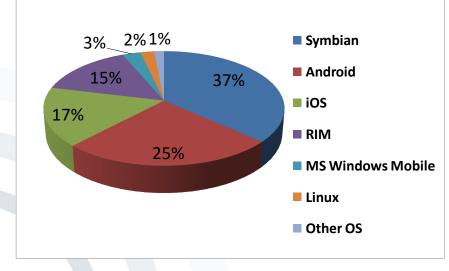
August 2011



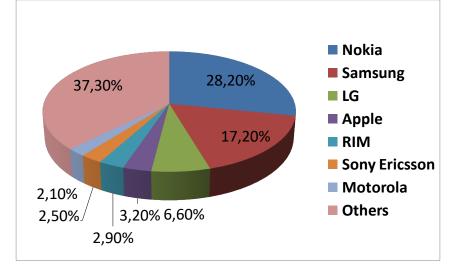
Infrastructure Environment 2011 (II)

- mWorld: many types of "access paths" (platforms) to the homepage
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Market shares by operating systems worldwide, 3rd Quarter 2010 [GartnerGroup2011]

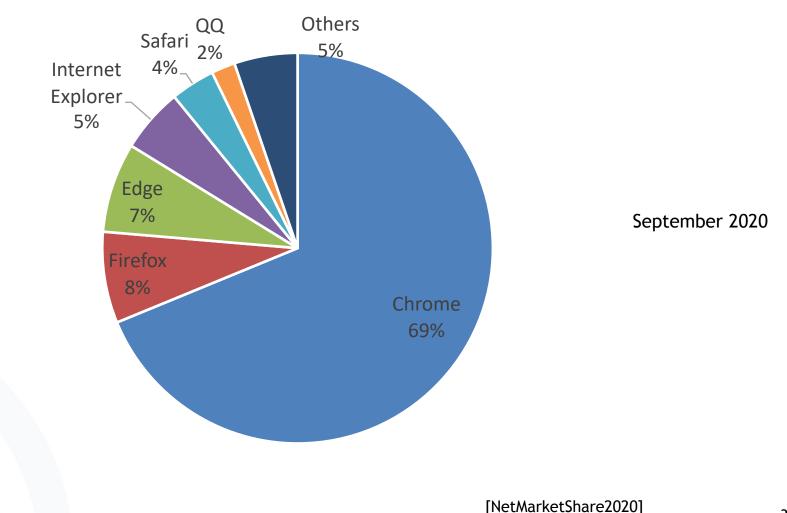


Market share of sold telephones worldwide, 3rd Quarter 2010 [GartnerGroup2011]



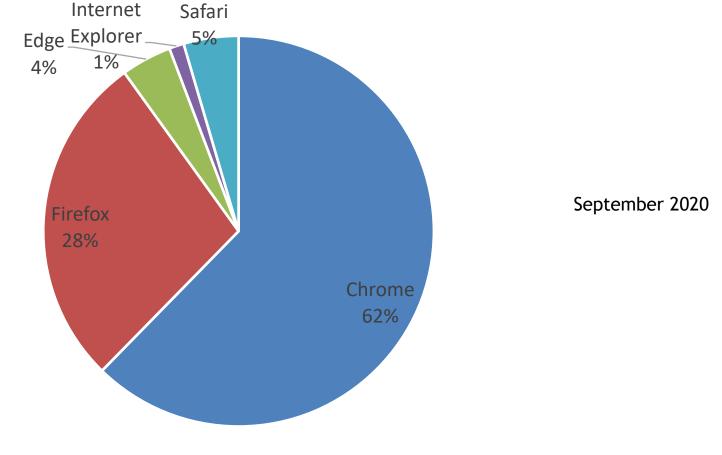
Infrastructure Environment 2020 (I)

• eWorld (desktop PC): Few types of "access paths" to the homepage ?



Infrastructure Environment 2020 (II)

• mWorld (mobile + tablet): Many types of "access paths" (platforms) to the homepage?







Technological Challenges Multi Channel Management

- The variety of mobile terminals and wireless transmission technologies requires an intelligent Multi Channel Management
 → services have to be fitted to minimal requirements (e.g. TAN 2 Go has to work with low bandwidth)
- Critical parameters of the Multi Channel Management:
 - Display characteristics
 - Transfer speed
 - Transmission security
 - Transmission costs
 (SMS TAN in foreign countries)



Multi Channel Management Possible Scenarios

Multi Channel Management of mobile applications becomes increasingly complex.

Multimedia Content	Bearer Service	User Agent	
WBMP Images	CSD	WAP Browser	
Color Images	GPRS	HTML Browser	
Multimedia Streams	UMTS	HTML Browser	Vou Tube (*
Video Telephony	LTE	Apps	

[Example Multi Channel Management Scenarios]

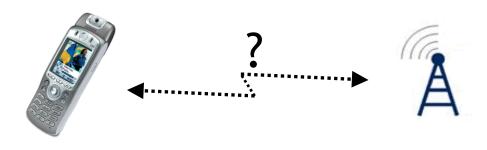


Technological Challenges Multi Channel Management

 User Agent Detection can be implemented by the providers of mobile applications.



 Only network operators can identify the data transfer services used by the user (bearer detection).





Infrastructure Environment

Consequence:

- Higher planning uncertainties in the "Mobile World"
- Higher costs through multi-optimizing in the "Mobile World"
- Mobile Access depends on location (city / countryside)



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...

E-Business vs. M-Business

Various Electronic Business (E-Business) definitions...

"E-Business: Doing business online." [TechwebNetwo2013]

"E-Business is about business transformation, changing the way companies go to market, impacting what they sell and how they create value." [Kortzfleisch2005]

"E-Business... the conduct of business on the Internet, not only buying and selling but also servicing customers and collaborating with business partners." [Searchcio2007]

"using the internet to connect with customers, partners, and suppliers"



E-Business vs. M-Business

Many definitions of Mobile Business (M-Business)...

"M-Business: Doing business using wireless services. The mobile counterpart to E-Business." [TechwebNetwo2013]

"The total sum of business processes based on location-independent interactive communication technologies." [ReicMeieFrem2002]

"We define M-Business as a collection of mobile technologies and applications used to support processes, value chains and entire markets using wireless technology." [Stanoevska-S2003]



What is M-Business ?

We chose a definition that (hopefully) lets us do interesting things:

"The usage of mobile devices, infrastructure, communication, and interaction for mobile applications and transactions."



Areas of M-Business



	Service user				
	Consumer	Business	Administration		
consumer	Consumer-to-	Consumer-to-	Consumer-to-		
	Consumer	Business	Administration		
or Business	Business-to-	Business-to-	Business-to-		
	Consumer	Business	Administration		
Administration	Administration-to-	Administration-to-	Administration-to-		
	Consumer	Business	Administration		

Service provider

Based on [HerrmaSauter1999]



Areas of M-Business

Service user					
Consumer	Business	Administration			
Consumer-to- Consumer e.g. SMS, Whatsapp, Viber and other texting	Consumer-to- Business e.g. Tickets in mobile phones at ticket control (train tickets, boarding pass)	Consumer-to- Administration e.g. ID card implemented in mobile phones			
Business-to- Consumer e.g. downloading tunes, apps, streaming	Business-to- Business e.g. mobile access for management consultants at their clients' site	Business-to- Administration e.g. toll collection			
Administration-to- Consumer e.g. mobile traffic fine/ticket	Administration-to- Business e.g. push-message on requests for bids	Administration-to- Administration e.g. fire brigade communication			
	Consumer-to- Consumer e.g. SMS, Whatsapp, Viber and other texting Business-to- Consumer e.g. downloading tunes, apps, streaming Administration-to- Consumer	ConsumerBusinessConsumer-to- ConsumerConsumer-to- Businesse.g. SMS, Whatsapp, Viber and other textingConsumer. e.g. Tickets in mobile phones at ticket control (train tickets, boarding pass)Business-to- ConsumerBusiness-to- Businesse.g. downloading tunes, apps, streaminge.g. mobile access for management consultants at their clients' siteAdministration-to- ConsumerAdministration-to- Businesse.g. mobile traffic fine/tickete.g. push-message on requests			

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Service provider

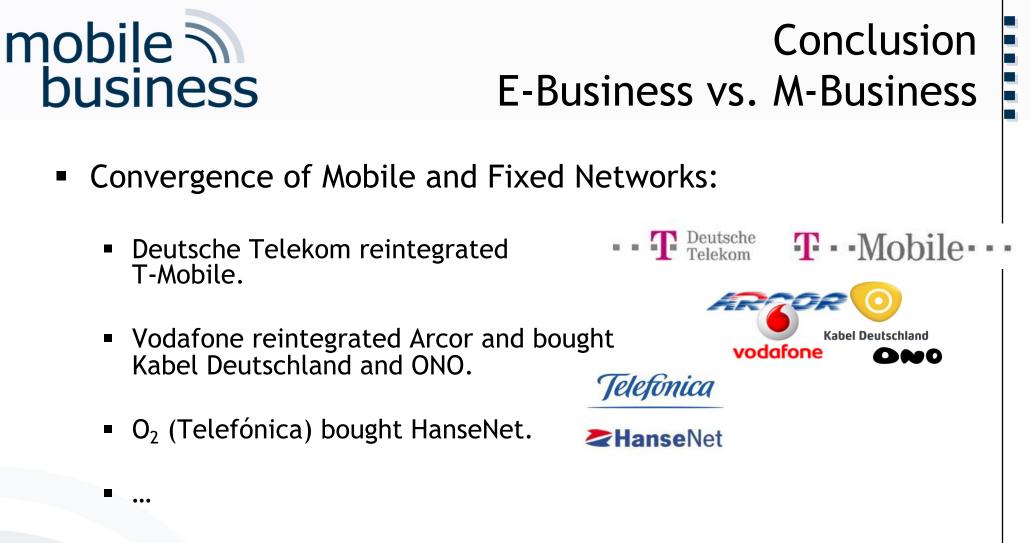
Based on [HerrmaSauter1999]





Conclusion E-Business vs. M-Business

- In terms of electronic communication, M-Business is a specific part of E-Business, but ...
 - for M-Business services a more complex, sophisticated infrastructure environment is required.
 - M-Business services have to deal with several technical limitations (e.g. bandwidth, screen size of device, etc.).
- Specifics of the Mobile Economy enable the provision of unique M-Business services (distinct from E-Business services).
 - e.g. Location-Based Services or Mobile Brokerage
 - See also lecture "M-Business behavioural issues"
- Addressing the issues of the mobile infrastructure environment while taking advantage of the Mobile Economy specifics is the challenge for the successful provision of M-Business services.



 \rightarrow Are E-Business and M-Business converging?

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